

VACCENTIS CORPORATE PRESENTATION

ZÜRICH, MARCH 2024

WHO WE ARE: AN EXPERIENCED LEADERSHIP TEAM



Martin Munte
CEO



Dr. Ingrid Rauter
CMO and Head of R&D



Dr. Anja Hipp
Director Manufacturing
and CMC



Isabelle Lacher
CFO (Interim)



Heinz Studer
COO



INVESTMENT THESIS PILLARS OF GROWTH

- **Experienced new management team with proven track record**
- **VCC Medical division is developing clinically proven products, shown to maintain remission and alleviate disease**
 - VCC-001 cancer vaccine Phase III data in Renal Cell Cancer has demonstrated clinical effect and was well tolerated, a disease with few current treatment options
 - VCC-001 cancer vaccine concept has significant potential in other solid tumour indications
- **Exit strategy: Strategic Investor, Trade Sale or IPO in 3-5 years**

STRATEGIC FOCUS AND CREATING VALUE

VCC-001 Regulatory Approval by 2029

Autologous tumour vaccine technology platform «auto-tv»

- Vaccentis will focus entirely on developing immuno-oncology Vaccines utilising its autologous tumour vaccine technology platform «auto-tv»

Extend pipeline

- Creating value through an extended pipeline targeting cancers with high unmet needs

Manufacturing capabilities

- VCC-001 production for clinical trials and compassionate use guaranteed with established partner

vcc medical 

UNMET MEDICAL NEED FOR RENAL CELL CANCER (RCC) PATIENTS POST-NEPHRECTOMY

Disease

- Post-nephrectomy of RCC limited treatment options with an acceptable safety profile available for both non-metastatic and metastatic RCC

- Currently only one adjuvant treatment approved for post-nephrectomy – Pembrolizumab

- Available treatment option in the adjuvant setting is associated with side effects and a high burden on the patient's quality of life

- Depending on risk group – up to 50% of patients with RCC develop metastasis within 5 years post nephrectomy

Solution

- VCC-001 is an autologous tumour lysate vaccine based on the individual patient's tumour cells.
- Used in Renal Cell Cancer (post-nephrectomy), VCC-001 shows:
- a highly specific immune response with proven efficacy
 - a very favourable safety and side effects profile
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- VCC-001 demonstrated in a Phase III trial a significant progression free survival advantage.
- Real world data were obtained in a large patient cohort and demonstrated an overall survival benefit even after 10 years.
- In the real world study, patients with pT3 stage RCC revealed 5- and 10-year OS rates of 71.3% and 53.6% in the study group and 65.4% and 36.2% in the control group (p = 0.022)

Jocham et al., The Lancet, Vol 363, 2004, Feb. 21: 597

May M et al: Ten-year survival analysis for renal carcinoma patients treated with an autologous tumour lysate vaccine in an adjuvant setting. Cancer Immunol Immunother. 2010 May;59(5):687-95

EFFICACY (PFS) DEMONSTRATED IN PHASE III CLINICAL STUDY

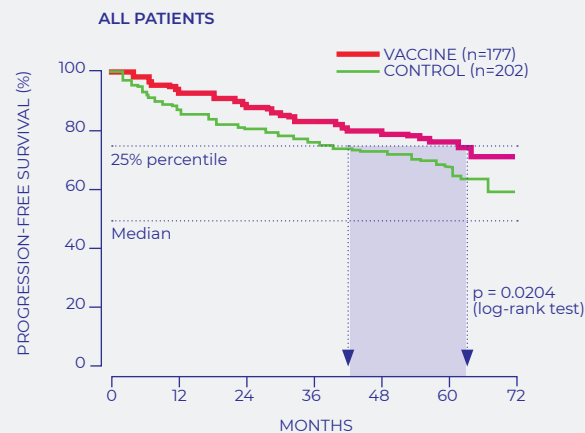
VCC-001 has already demonstrated significant clinical efficacy in Phase III with 553 patients

5-year (60 months) progression-free survival rates for patients at all tumour stages were 77.4% in the vaccine group and 67.8% in the control group (p=0.0204)

70-months progression-free survival rates were 72% in the vaccine group and 59.3% in the control group

PFS for all ELIGIBLE patients:

The time until 25% of patients had progressed was 63.2 months for patients in the vaccine group versus 42.1 months for those in the control group

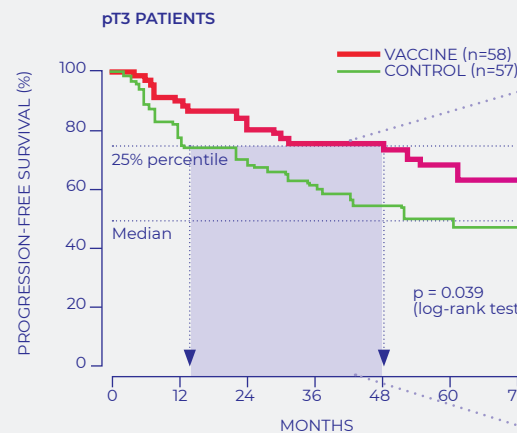


Number at risk	0	12	24	36	48	60	72
Vaccine	177	165	154	142	124	62	0
Control	202	176	159	151	132	72	1

PROGRESSION-FREE SURVIVAL FOR ALL ELIGIBLE PATIENTS (INTENTION-TO-TREAT POPULATION)

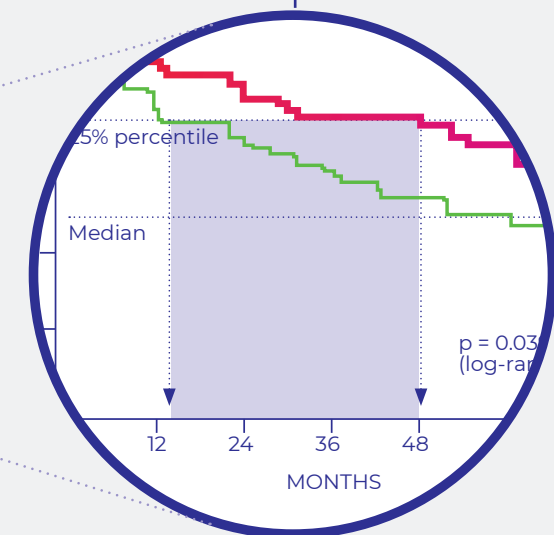
PFS for PT3 patients:

VCC-001 showed an increase of 36 month in PFS vs control group



Number at risk	0	12	24	36	48	60	72
Vaccine	58	51	44	40	35	20	0
Control	57	44	39	35	28	18	1

PROGRESSION-FREE SURVIVAL FOR ELIGIBLE PATIENTS WITH T3 TUMOURS (INTENTION-TO-TREAT POPULATION)



VCC-001 DEMONSTRATED FAVORABLE SAFETY PROFILE IN PHASE III

- In the Intention to treat population 177 patients received A total of 1053 vaccine doses
- 12 vaccine-related adverse events of mild to moderate severity were noted in two patients
- The higher number of adverse events in the control groups can be accounted for by the higher number of patients with tumour progression in this group
- Clinically relevant abnormalities in blood chemistry variables were not recorded

	VACCINE GROUP N=276	CONTROL GROUP N=277	TOTAL N=553
Number of patients with adverse events (%)	108 (39%)	125 (45%)	233 (42%)
Number of patients with drug-related adverse events (%)	2 (1%)	–	2 (<1%)
Number of patients with serious adverse events (%)	64 (23%)	90 (32%)	154 (28%)
Number of adverse events	215	247	462
Number of drug- related adverse events	12	–	12
Number of serious adverse events	106	158	264
Adverse Events by frequency			
Progression, surgical intervention	45 (16%)	61 (22%)	106 (19%)
General disorders	33 (12%)	26 (9%)	59 (11%)
Neoplasm	13 (5%)	31 (11%)	44 (8%)
Urinary system disorders	15 (5%)	13 (5%)	28 (5%)
Gastrointestinal system	10 (4%)	11 (4%)	21 (4%)
Cardiovascular disease	5 (2%)	9(3%)	14 (3%)
Metabolic and nutritional disorders	9 (3%)	6 (2%)	15 (3%)
Musculoskeletal system disorders	8 (3%)	7 (3%)	15 (3%)

Adverse events in 553 patients (safety population)

VCC-001 CONCLUSION PHASE III

- **A significantly reduced risk of tumour progression after radical nephrectomy using an autologous tumour cell lysate vaccination therapy**

- **The PFS 70 months after vaccination therapy was found to be 72% in the study group, while it was 59.3% in the control group (p = 0.0204)**

- **The incidence rate of side effects was minimal at <1%**

- **Quality of life was not impaired by the treatment itself or its application**

- **Autologous vaccination therapy can be recommended in patients with M0 RCC and a tumour diameter of >2.5 cm**

- **In a second survival analysis, a significantly increased OS was also reported for the vaccine group in the PP population**

VCC-001 VERSUS COMPETITION

VCC-001: Potential differentiation and advantages over the licensed drug in RCC (adjuvant pembrolizumab)

	VCC-001	PEMBROLIZUMAB
EFFICACY	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ● ○ ○
SAFETY/TOLERABILITY	● ● ● ● ●	● ○ ○ ○ ○
PHARMACOECONOMICS/PRICE	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ● ○ ○
PATENT VALIDATION	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ● ● ○
EASE OF ADMINISTRATION	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ○ ○ ○
TOTAL ASSESSMENT	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ● ○ ○

VCC-001 is currently in development and not yet approved in the EU or USA. The evaluation is based on the clinical studies conducted and published.
DISCLAIMER: NO COMPARISON BETWEEN THE TWO REFERENCED STUDIES IS NEITHER MADE NOR SHOULD COMPARABILITY BE INFERRED.

Adjuvant autologous renal tumour cell vaccine and risk of tumour progression in patients with renal-cell carcinoma after radical nephrectomy: phase III, randomised controlled trial; Jocham et al., Lancet, 2004 Feb 21;363(9409):594-9

Keytruda® – state of the art: Pembrolizumab versus placebo as post-nephrectomy adjuvant therapy for clear cell renal cell carcinoma (KEYNOTE-564): 30-month follow-up analysis of a multicentre, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial, Lancet Oncol 2022; 23: 1133–44

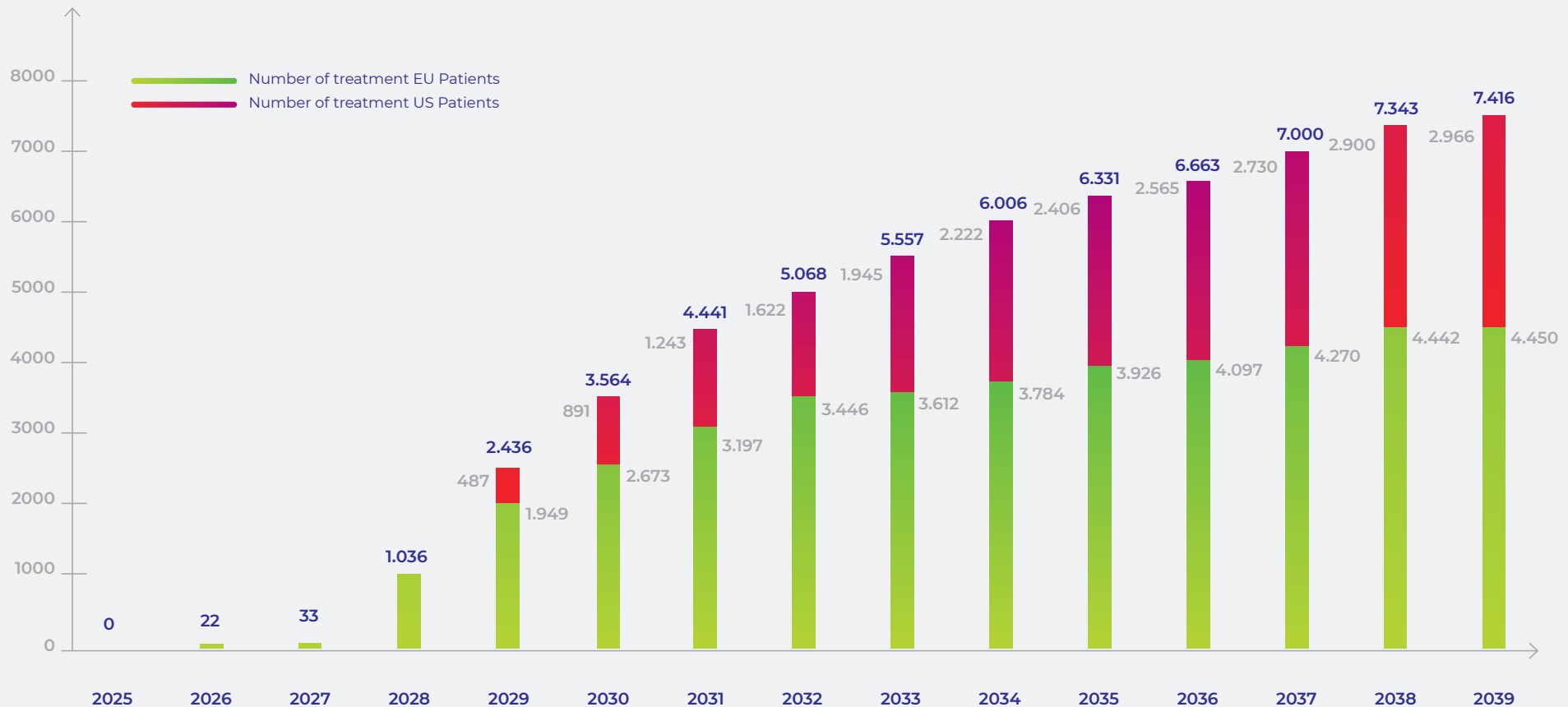
Pembrolizumab yearly therapy costs depending on patient and indication: EU 125.000 – 145.000 Euro, US 150.000 – 180.000 USD

TREATMENT ALGORHYTHM ccRCC

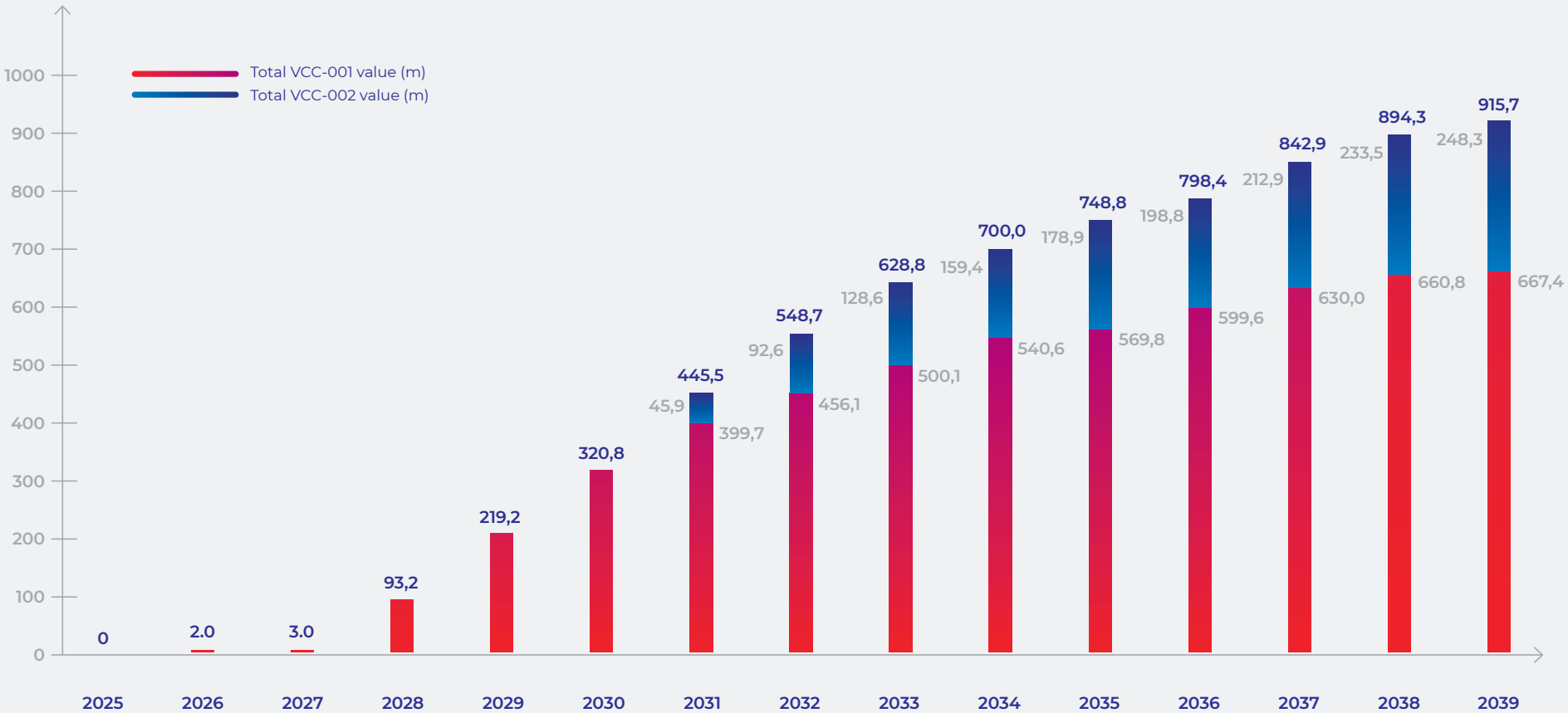
Based on expert opinions from our KOL-advisors, 9.600 patients could potentially receive VCC-001 treatment immediately after regulatory approval in stage II and stage III adjuvant ccRCC*

Staging/Clinical presentation	PT2	PT3		
Primary Treatment	Partial/Radical nephrectomy or Active surveillance	Partial/Radical nephrectomy		
	CT/Surveillance	Clear cell: CT/Surveillance		
	% of new T2 patient population with Nephrectomy	% of new T3 patient population with Nephrectomy		
	43%	57%		
Adjuvant Treatment	Number of patients in PT2 cancer	Number of patients in PT3 cancer		
	13.450	17.830		
	% receiving VCC-001	% receiving VCC-001		
	5%	50%		
	% receiving Pembrolizumab	% receiving Pembrolizumab		
	0%	20%		
	% receiving other treatments	% receiving other treatments		
	0%	0%		
	% receiving no therapy	% receiving no therapy		
	95%	30%		
	Number of potential patients treated with VCC-001	Number of potential patients treated with VCC-001		
	672	8.915		
	Average treatment duration (months)	Average treatment duration (months)		
	6	6		
			Total Kidney cancer population p.a. in EU and USA	212.500
			Number of Patients with Renal Cell Cancer [as a % of the total Kidney cancer population]	80%
			Number of Patients with Clear Renal Cell Cancer [as a % of the total Renal cancer population]	80%
			Number of Patients with receiving Nephrectomy [as a % of the total Clear Renal cancer population]	92%
			Number of Patients with T2 and T3 CRCC [as a % of the total Clear Renal cancer population]	25%
			Number of Patients with adjuvant clear cell cancer T2 and T3 [new population]	31.280

THE PROJECTED PATIENTS IN EU AND US

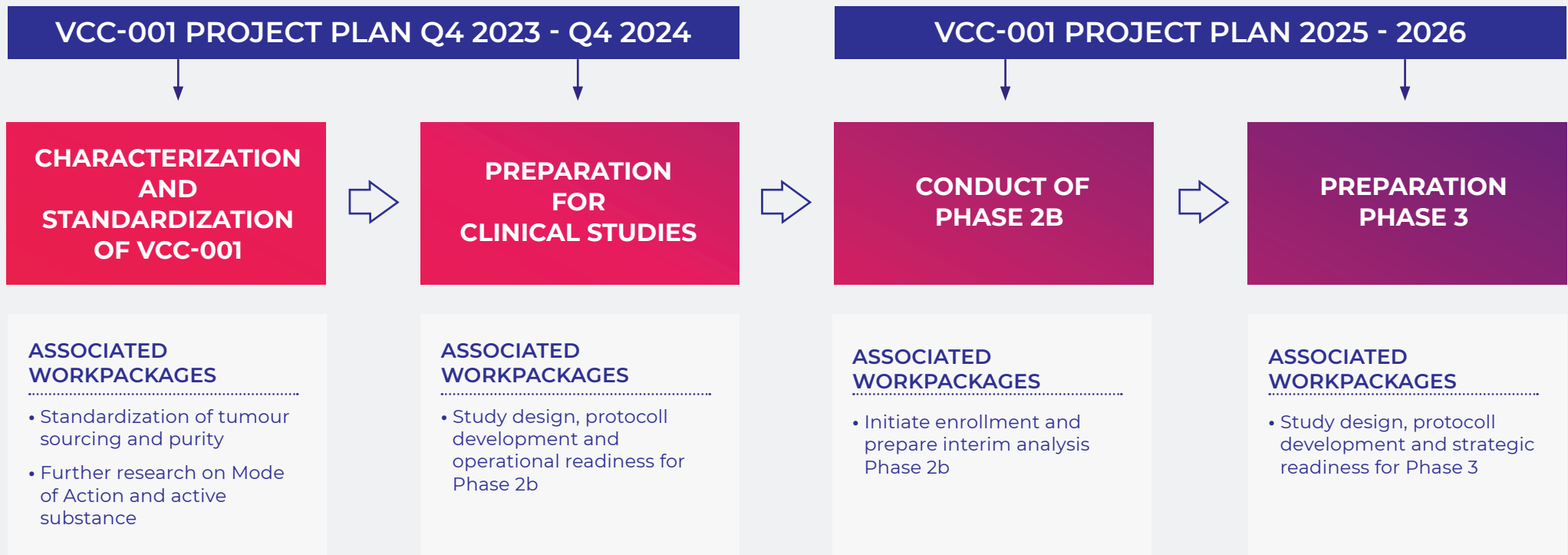


THE PROJECTED SALES IN EU AND US



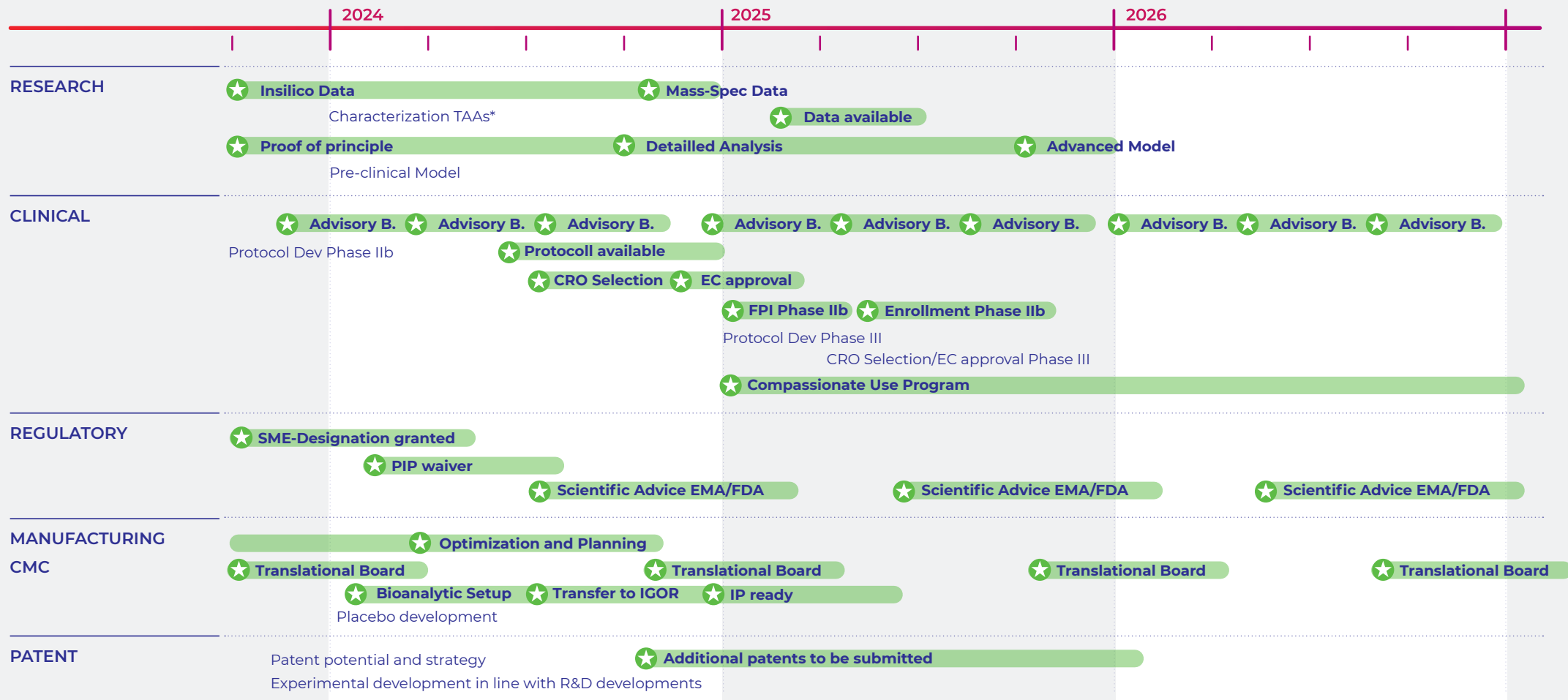
Price VCC-001: 150.000 – 180.000 US-Dollar/patient/year

VCC-001 – KEY WORK PACKAGES



VACCENTIS DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT CLINIC, REGULATORY, CMC AND MANUFACTURING

Vaccentis requires funding to pursue the clinical and regulatory development plan, including fully implementation and read out of a Phase IIb trial, to get to start a Phase III trial. For the financing of a Phase III trial a strategic partner is needed.



 Value Point * TAA = Tumor associated antigens

THE WHY AND WHY NOW

The Vaccentis products & pipeline have demonstrated clinical efficacy, they maintain remission and alleviate symptoms with favorable safety profile:

- VCC-001 showed a survival advantage in phase III clinical trials¹

- The 5-year overall survival rates for patients with pT3 tumours were 71.3% in the vaccine group and 65.4% in the control group (p=0.022), the overall survival rates after 10 years were 53.6% and 36.2%, respectively²

- VCC-001 demonstrated highly favorable safety profile to pembrolizumab, the only licensed product in the adjuvant setting³

- VCC-001 is the foundation platform for further pipeline development based on autologous cancer vaccines

- The development plan for VCC-001 is based on existing advanced clinical data. Therefore, the possibility of obtaining marketing authorization is significantly higher than with a product candidate in preclinical or phase I

- The cost/benefit evaluation of Vaccentis therapies is very advantageous

- The time horizon for the concrete exit planning is 3 to 5 years

¹ Doehn et al, second analysis, J Urol suppl 2006, vol 5, No 20, p. 286 Jocham et al.

² May et al.: Adjuvante autologe Tumourvakzine beim Nierenzellkarzinom, Der Urologe 2009

³ No direct comparison

USING THE PROCEEDS: TARGET OF CHF 35 MILLION R&D INVESTMENTS

THE INVESTMENTS 2024-2026

Vaccentis will invest **CHF 24 million** in clinical research to advance VCC-001

Vaccentis will invest **CHF 5.5 million** to expand manufacturing and production matching the capacity for clinical trial supply and EU compassionate use program

Vaccentis will invest **CHF 3 million** to strengthen capabilities and extending work force through specialized clinical, regulatory and manufacturing staff

Vaccentis will invest **CHF 2.5 million** to extend the pipeline through further preclinical research activities

Total required investment: **CHF 35 million**

EXPECTED OUTCOME

2024, the standardization and characterization of VCC-001 will be established

2025, Vaccentis will start a Phase 2b trial to provide further data to enable preparation for Phase 3

2026, Vaccentis will generate first interim results on the Phase 2b

2026, VCC-001 may forecast first sales of **CHF 2 million** via the EU-Compassionate Use Program

2028, anticipated EMA/FDA filing of VCC-001

2030, sales will exceed **CHF 320 million** through the launch of VCC-001

Information and Contact

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